

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge Ordinary Level

PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110/22 May/June 2018

Paper 2 Structured MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

7110/22

Question			Ans	swer			Marks	
1(a)	Bank account							
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$		
	2018			2018				
	May 1	Balance b/d	350	May 1	Christan (R/D)	120 (1)		
		Dividend received	150 (1)		West Gas	80 (1)		
					Bank charges	75 (1)		
					Balance c/d	225		
			<u> 500 </u>			<u>500</u>		
	May 1	Balance b/d	225 (1)OF					
1(b)	Nuri Bank Reconciliation Statement at 30 April 2018 \$ Balance on bank statement 400 credit					5		
	Add A	Amounts not yet Sofia Chequ Cash sales		245 300				
	Less	Cheques not ye Jegan Chequ Nuri Chequ	e 270	570 150	(1)			
	Balar	nce on cash bool	K			ebit (1)OF		
1(c)		has insufficient			que (1) because t cheque was incor		2	

7110/22

Question	Answer							
1(d)	George account							
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$		
	April			April				
	10	Sales	400	22	Sales returns/in	68 (1)		
	20	Sales	425 (1)	23	Bank	390		
					Discount allowed (1)	10 (1)		
				30	Balance c/d	357		
			<u>825</u>			<u>825</u>		
	Мау							
	1	Balance b/d	357 (1)OF					
1(e)	Account			Subdivision of the ledger			3	
	Sales			General (1)				
	George	;		Sales	s/Trade receivab	les (1)		
	Drawin	gs		Gene	eral (1)			

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	Error 1 Original entry (1) Error 2 Reversal (1) Error 3 Principle (1) Error 4 Commission (1)	4
2(b)	For all four errors there was double entry with a debit and credit entry (1) of equal value. (1)	2

Question		Ansv	ver				Marks
2(c)		General	Journal				8
					Debit \$	Credit \$	
	Winch	nester		4	·50 (1)		
	Sales					450 (1)	
	Disco	unt allowed		1	20 (1)		
	Bloon	n				120 (1)	
	Comp	outer expenses		g	00 (1)		
	Comp	-				900 (1)	
	Filton	Filton			20 (1)		
	Stilso				(-)	420 (1)	
2(d)	Statement of Corrected Profit for the year ended 31 March 2018						6
	Error		Increa	se	Decrease		
			\$		\$	\$	
		Profit for the year				6 800	
	1	Sales on credit to Winchester, \$830, had been recorded in the sales journal as \$380.	450 (1)			
	2	Discount allowed to Bloom, \$60, had been credited in the discount allowed account and debited in Bloom's account.			120 (1)		
	3	Computer expenses, \$900, had been recorded in the computer account.			900 (1)		
	4	A purchase of goods from Stilson, \$420, had been posted to the account of Filton.	No Eff (1)				
			450)	1 020	(570)	
		Revised profit for the year				6 230 (2)/(1)OF	

7110/22

Question	A	nswer		Marks
3(a)	1 820 (1) - 75 + 60(1) - 50 + 45 (1) = 1	800 (1) OF		4
	Accept alternative presentations			
3(b)	WS	ports Club		į
	Sports Clothing Shop Income Sta	tement for the \$	year ended 30 April 2018 \$	
	Revenue	,	2 600	
	Opening inventory	400		
	Purchases (1 400 + 140 (1) – 200 (1)) <u>1 340</u> <u>1 740</u>		
	Less Closing inventory	(550)		
	Cost of sales		1 190	
	Gross profit		1 4 1 0	
	Expenses			
	Rent (1 150 + 100) × 20%	250 (1	-	
	Wages	900 } (1	1) Both	
	General expenses	130 }	1 000	
	Due fit for the week			
	Profit for the year		<u>130</u> (1)OF + W	
3(c)		\$	\$	
()	Ticket sales	·	1 080	
	Less	2		
	Catering	600 (1)		
	Other payables	250 }(1)		
	Wages	180	1 0 2 0	
	Profit		<u>1 030</u> 50 (1)OF	
	11011		<u> </u>	
3(d)		ports Club		7
	Income and Expenditure Acco	*		
		\$	\$	
	Income	1 800 OF		
	Subscriptions Profit on sports clothing	130 OF		
	Profit on special event	50 OF		
	Other income	1 250 (1)		
		()	3 230 (1) OF all four	
	Less Expenditure			
	Wages (1500 – 900 – 180)	420 (1)		
	General expenses (1 900 – 130)			
	Rent (1 150 + 100) × 80%	1 000 (1 OF	-)	
	Depreciation	<u> 300 (1)</u>	0.400	
			3490	
	Deficit		<u>260</u> (1)OF	
	Alternative presentation accepted			
3(e)	W Sports Club has received the payme	nt but must pro he service in a		

Question				Answer				Marks
4(a)(i)	Current liabilit Current asset					assets \$20 00	00 (1)	2
4(a)(ii)		Assets 25 000 + 8 500 + 11 500 of = 45 000 (1) OF Liabilities 20 000 + 2 000 + 6 000 = 28 000 + Bank Ioan 17 000 (1) OF = 45 000						
4(b)			N	Vorkings		30 April 2	018	4
	Quick ratio ratio)	(acid test	8500 2000 + 600	$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{8500}{8000} \bigg\{$	(1)	1.06:1 (1)OF		
	Profit for th capital emp		7400 20000 + 17	×100₹	(1)of	20.00% (1)OF	:	
4(c)(i)	Reason: Trade payable	es / invento	ry have incre	eased.		ccepted level		4
	Bank overdraft caused by higher expenses/purchase of non-current assets.							
	(1) x 1 reason							
	Accept other	r valid reas	ons (1)					_
4(c)(ii)	Comment: Profit to the ye	ear to capita	al employed	has impro v	/ed (1)			
	Reason: Lower expens Lower non-cu Increased dra	irrent liabiliti						
	(1) x 1 reasor	ı						
	Accept other	r valid reas	ons.					
4(d)	Proposal	Working	capital (curr	ent ratio)	Profi	t for the year to employed	o capital	6
		increase	decrease	no effect	increas		no effect	
	1	✓					~	
	2	√(1)			√(1)			
	3		√(1)			√(1)		
	4			√(1)			√(1)	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(e)	Narrows the effect of difference and variation in accounting practice with other businesses Improves comparability to other businesses Improves reliability of financial statements Improves understandability of financial statements (1) x 1 reason Accept other valid points.	2

Question	A	nswer		Marks		
5(a)		Boris		22		
	Income Statement for the year ended 30 April 2018					
	Devenue	\$	\$			
	Revenue Returns		419 000 (7 800)			
	Retarrio		411 200 (1)			
	Inventory 1 May 2017	28 900	(1)			
	Purchases (242 000 + 4 000)	246 000	(1)			
	Carriage inwards	2 500	(1)			
	Deturne	277 400				
	Returns Goods drawings	(6 200) (4 500)	(1)			
	Goods drawings	266 700	(1)			
	Inventory 30 April 2018	(22 500)	(1)			
	Cost of sales	(== 000)	(244 200) (1)			
	Gross profit		167 000			
	Plus					
	Rent receivable		<u>9 000</u> (1) 176 000			
	Less		110000			
	Disposal	7 500	(1)			
	Bank loan interest (2 400 +					
	1 200)	3 600	(1)			
	Administration expenses	30 000	(1)			
	Carriage (11 500 – 2 500)	9 000	(1)			
	Water and electricity	12 400	(1)			
	Wages and salaries Advertising expenses	51 600	(1)			
	(24 000 – 6 000)	18 000	(1)			
	General expenses	17 400	(1)			
	Depreciation:	11 100	(1)			
	Premises	2 000	(1)			
	Computers equipment	5 000	(1)			
	Fixtures	1 000	(1)			
	Bad debts	2 400	(1)			
	Increase in provision	500	(1)			
	for doubtful debts					
			(160 400)			
	Profit for the year		15 600			

Question		Answe	er		Marks			
5(b)	Boris Statement of Financial Position at 30 April 2018							
	Non-current assets Premises Computer equipment Fixtures and fittings	Cost \$ - 40 000 - 10 000 - 150 000 -	Accumulated Depreciation \$ 66 000 20 000 5 500 91 500	NBV \$ 34 000 (1) of 20 000 (1) of 4 500 (1) of 58 500 (1) of				
	Current assets							
	Inventory Trade receivables		22 500	(1)				
	(37 400 – 2 400) Less:	35 000 (1)						
	Provision for doubtful debts	<u>(1 400)</u> (1) of	33 600	(1) of				
	Other receivables Bank (4 000 (1) – 1 000 (1))		6 000 <u>3 000</u>	(1) of (1) of				
	Total assets			65 100 123 600				
	Capital at 1 May 2017 Profit for the year		50 000 <u>15 600</u> 65 600					
	Drawings (20 700 (1) + 4 500 (1))		(25 200)	40 400 (1) of				
	Non-current Liabilities 8% Bank Ioan			60 000 (1)				
	Current liabilities Trade payables (19 000 (1) + 3 000 (1)) Other payables	22 000 1 200		(1) of 23 200 123 600				
	Suitable alternative layouts	accepted						